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rings, engraved cards, etc., by the
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The Mercury.

JOHN P. ANTHONY, Editor and Manager.

Saturday, October 26, 1901.

Senator Aldrich has been invited to Washington to consult with President Roosevelt. The Senator will dine with the President next Monday.

Nineteen hundred and two is close here. "Thomas" Old Family Almanac, for the coming year, has already arrived. It looks familiar as ever. Although a good many years younger than the Mercury yet the one hundred and ten years to its credit makes it somewhat of a veteran.

Financially the Pan-American has proved a failure. The stockholders will lose the \$2,600,000 which they put in the contractors lose \$1,000,000; the issue of \$500,000 second mortgage bonds will be defaulted and only four-fifths of first mortgage will be paid. It would seem that the exhibition, which was a good one, has met with disaster from the start.

The creed of the Dutch Reformed Presbyterian church forbids a man taking the oath of allegiance to the United States government. It is about time such a church as that was "reformed" a little more, and placed on a level with the world. A creed that condemns loyalty to the government under which the people live is a creed that should be banished from the country.

There seems to be one comparatively sensible paper in the south and that is the New Orleans Picayune. That paper after mature deliberation has come to the conclusion that President Roosevelt has the "right, officially, to confer with and entertain people who are black, red, brown and yellow as well as white, and eat and drink with them." We should say that he had that right "officially" or socially or any other way, and it is certain that all the cry of the southern negro haters will not deter the President from doing it again and as many times as he pleases.

The election to take place November 6th is one of the most important ever held in Newport. The Governor, Lieutenant Governor, Secretary of State, Attorney General and General Treasurer are to be elected. Also one senator and four representatives, a Mayor, City Treasurer, four members of the school board, an alderman and three councilmen in each ward, besides wardens and clerks. In the contest the Republicans have nominated good men for the various offices and they should receive the full Republican vote of the city. The state at large is sure to go Republican by a large majority. The Republicans will have a large majority in both branches of the Legislature and if Newport expects to have any legislation for her benefit, it must be accomplished by Republicans and not by the opposite party.

The Supreme Court of Rhode Island, at the request of Gov. Gregory, has handed down a decision that any town or city once adopting a voting machine cannot go back to the Australian system of voting. Some of the towns in the State it seems thought that they were simply using the machine as an experiment, and that they could go back to the former method when they chose, but the court says no. That would seem to be right. This continual changing the method of voting is decidedly confusing to the ordinary mind. The complex Australian system has always been the means of depriving many people of voting the way they wished. Any system that will do away with that is a benefit. The McManis voting machine would seem to simplify the method of voting. It is easily understood and easily operated. The counting by this system is rapid and absolutely accurate. In half an hour after the polls are closed the result can be ascertained, so the all-night delay for the wardens and clerks' returns will be avoided. As far as we have seen the operation of these machines, we can see no reason for any town or city wishing to return to the Australian system.

The fool friends of another valiant officer in the Navy are now making havoc of his reputation. Admiral Bunce died last week and now the Hartford Times comes out with a long tirade of abuse of Secretary Long, Admiral Sigsbee, Captain Mahan and Captain Crowninshield, alleging that because Admiral Bunce once found it necessary to reprimand the latter captain all the San Diego controversy arose. The story is so industriously circulated by the late Admiral's pretended friends that Admiral Sigsbee was at that time the fleet captain under Bunce, and hence inherited the hatred of Crowninshield and when the latter was put on the strategy board, he influenced the other two members to turn down both Bunce and Sigsbee and give the command of the blockading fleet to Sampson, an "office captain" as they call him, whatever that may mean, and that Sampson acting under the advice of this same strategy board with the same Crowninshield on it, had brought these false charges against Sigsbee, etc. The story is too ridiculous and transparent for any sane people to take any stock in. Says the Boston Herald in commenting on the foolish story: "It is too bad that the story of the late Admiral Bunce's hard feelings toward the navy department were not buried with him. It is another instance of a man's good name being tarnished by his superserviceable survivors."

Naval Matters.

Secretary Long, in his forthcoming report, will ask for authority to build three battleships, four armored cruisers and twelve gunboats.

The annual naval estimates for the fiscal year beginning next July are the heaviest ever submitted at any time in the history of the service, except during the year immediately following the Spanish war. They amount to the grand sum of \$93,010,881.03, or an increase over last year of \$31,118,544.03. This does not include any cost of an increase of vessels. For improving the naval academy \$1,500,000 is submitted, and for a naval training station at Port Royal \$150,750 is asked.

Among the new items of importance in the estimates are the following:

New battery for the Newark, \$175,000; reserve guns for ships of the navy, \$500,000; floating dry dock, Portsmouth, N. H., \$500,000, making the total for that yard, \$1,611,575.

The estimate for new improvements at the New York navy yard aggregate \$3,110,000, which includes \$2,000,000 for the purchase of land and \$200,000 for barracks for enlisted men.

The new estimated items for the Norfolk yard aggregate \$1,208,500, which includes \$350,000 for the purchase of land.

The estimates for the naval station at San Juan, Porto Rico, are \$2,613,000, and include \$1,000,000 for a masonry dry dock, \$500,000 for the purchase of land, \$250,000 for dredging and \$200,000 for the extension of coaling facilities.

An estimate of \$500,000 is made for a plant for housing and storing torpedo vessels at Pensacola.

An estimate of \$381,000 is submitted for the Cavite naval station, which includes \$250,000 for a refrigerating plant. Estimates are made for a complete naval station at Cebu, P. I., amounting to \$1,443,000.

Other estimates are: Naval magazine, near Boston, \$500,000; naval magazine, near Portsmouth, N. H., \$400,000; naval magazine, Puget Sound, \$100,000; defenses for insular naval stations and coal depots, \$500,000.

An Honor to the Navy.

The Boston Herald says: Whatever be the result of this Schley investigation, or whoever is finally given the credit for winning the sea fight off Santiago, no one can deny that at least one ship and her officers are entitled to some honor. This was the Oregon, that steamed around Cape Horn and reported ready for duty when she reached Key West. In fact, it seems as though the Oregon's officers kept her all the time in a condition for duty. On paper she was a slower ship than the Iowa or Texas, and was not to be compared in speed with the Brooklyn. Yet in the chase after the Spanish ships she was much faster than her sister battleships, and even caught the fast cruiser Brooklyn. Doubtless this would be explained by the naval officers by saying that the Oregon had fired under all her boilers, and, therefore, was ready for the run; but the general public have good reason to believe that the officers of the Oregon, both on the deck and in the engine room, had acquired a habit of being ready for emergencies that stood them in good stead when they were called on to do their best in the chase after the enemy's cruisers.

The U. S. District Court at Kansas City has decided that the stockholders of the Lombard Investment Company, which failed in 1893 with liabilities above \$30,000,000, are not liable to creditors of the company. The decision sets at rest a liability of nearly \$2,000,000 against many eastern banks, trust companies and individual stockholders of the defunct concern. The stockholders interested number 600 scattered all over the United States and Great Britain.

The Lombard company was organized in 1868. The president at the time of its failure was Milton B. Whitney of Massachusetts. Since then the unsecured creditors, with claims amounting to upwards of \$3,000,000, have received but 1-2-5 per cent. on their claims. There are many thousands of dollars of these claims held in Newport. Many of the banks held the papers and a large number of individuals had invested their hard earned money that way.

"The total consumption of sugar in the United States last year was 2,218,847 tons, and based on the average increase of 6.84 per cent. during the past 19 years, the consumption this year should be 2,360,555 tons. Of this quantity 1,000,000 tons in round figures will come from American sources, say Louisiana being able to produce 550,000 tons, United States beet factories 150,000, Hawaii, 250,000 and Porto Rico 150,000, all being free of duty, leaving 1,360,555 tons to come from other sources and on which duty is paid. The average duty assessed is 53¢ per ton, or a total of \$448,881.00.

Mr. Geo. N. Cate of Marlboro, Mass., left in his will a donation of one thousand dollars to the yearly meeting of Friends in New England, the income of which shall be paid the Quakers in Rochester, N. H. If the sect in that town becomes extinct then the income is to go to the Friends' School at Providence.

The St. Louis Times-Democrat says: Mr. Shepard, the Tammany candidate for mayor in New York, says he is running on his own record. He has been on both side of everything, and the main feature of his speeches now is a head-on collision with himself.

Weather Bulletin.

Copyrighted, 1901, by W. T. Foster. CHICAGO, Ill., Oct. 25.—Last bulletin gave forecasts of disturbance to cross continent October 26 to 27, warm wave 25 to 27, cool wave 28 to November 1.

Next disturbance will reach Pacific coast about October 31, cross west of Rockies by close of November 1, great central valleys 2 to 4, eastern states 5. Warm wave will cross west of Rockies about October 31, great central valleys November 2, eastern states 1. Cool wave will cross west of Rockies about November 3, great central valleys 5, eastern states 7.

Temperature of the week ending November 4 will average below normal 1 in northern states and above in southern; not much rain.

About date of this bulletin the weather will be moderate in the central valleys, a warm wave near the upper Missouri valley with cool wave in middle Rockies.

In northern states November temperature will average about normal but changes will be sudden and frequent with a great warm wave about middle of month followed in a few days by a great cold wave.

Temperature of November in southern states will average above normal but great extremes of heat and cold may be expected.

Unusual events will occur in November, historic events that will impress the memory of man. I am willing that planetary meteorology may be tested by a definite forecast of events expected by the middle of November. The great disturbances due to occur from November 8 to close of the month are such as cannot be definitely located but I will designate, in a general way, where they may be expected.

The disturbing causes seem to center around November 14, but their principal effects may be observed at any time within five days of that date and the effects of these disturbances will probably continue to close of the month.

One effect will be a magnetic disturbance in the great central valleys that will materially affect the telegraph wires and all machinery that is operated by electricity.

In earthquake countries great earthquakes are expected. These will probably occur from November 2 to 10, the greatest probability being during the night of November 14. These seismic disturbances will probably affect Central America, the Rocky Mountains north of parallel 40, the Andes Mountains south of parallel 40, Europe, Africa and Asia where earthquakes are common.

Conditions are largely in favor of South America, South Africa and Australia as the places where earthquakes will be most severe during this great disturbance.

This great planetary disturbance will probably affect the weather more in western Canada than in any other part of America, to a less extent the northwestern states and to a still less extent the northeastern states.

Temperature will probably begin to rise in northwest about November 10, reaching its highest point in upper Mississippi valley about 16, followed by a cold wave that will reach the upper Mississippi valley not far from 20. These weather events will move eastward reaching New England states about two days later and affecting states north of parallel 40 more than the states south of that line.

This great disturbance will probably develop a tropical hurricane in the West Indies but I can give no forecast of its location. For details of these great tropical storms my readers must rely on telegraphic reports. The East Indies will also probably be visited about the same time by one of these tropical storms.

Real Estate Sales and Rentals

A. O'D. Taylor has sold for John Martin his cottage and lot of 2,350 square feet at 15 West street to Albert Honnen, N. Y.

A. O'D. Taylor has sold for Mrs. Sarah Annie Sayer, a lot of land on North Newport avenue, containing 3,775 feet, to Miss Katherine C. Miller, New York.

A. O'D. Taylor has sold to Clarence C. Alger, U. S. Training station, a cottage and 400 square feet of land on Friends' street, near Hope street, for J. Roosevelt Chase.

A. O'D. Taylor has sold a tract of land containing about three and a quarter acres on Price's Neck, off Ocean avenue, for J. N. A. Griswold, to Ernest Walter Hazard of New York.

Simon Hazard has rented for Alex. Booth to N. Peterson his cottage on Coddingtown Wharf.

Mrs. Benson and Mrs. Sherman have rented their store in the Sherman block, so called, on Bellevue avenue, to Messrs. John Patterson & Co., for 1902.

A. O'D. Taylor has rented for Arthur W. Chase lower part 21 Mount Vernon street to Asa G. Berry, and upper part 19 Mount Vernon street to Mrs. Ida L. Greenman.

A. O'D. Taylor has rented for Ben F. Tanner upper part of 9 Newport avenue to Francis E. Holleran.

A. O'D. Taylor has rented the house at corner of Connection street and Houston avenue for Katherine Fallon to J. J. Dunn.

Rev. Dr. Lyman Abbott says that when a man has the impudence to say that he is in politics every day and all the time for his own pocket, a congregation of voters should rise up against him and enslave him, so that not enough of his ashes shall be left to fill a vase on the family mantel.

Picturesque language but very appropriate and hits the subject squarely on the head.

California-Oregon Excursions

Every day in the year. The Chicago, Union Pacific and North-Western Line runs through first-class Pullman and Tourist Sleeping Cars to points in California and Oregon daily. Personally conducted excursions from Chicago to San Francisco, Los Angeles and Portland, leaving Chicago on Tuesdays and Thursdays. Lowest rates. Shortest time on the road. Finest scenery. Inquire of your nearest ticket agent, or write W. M. Burgess, 301 Main street, Buffalo, N. Y.

Another colored person entertained at dinner at the White House! There's but a shade's difference between the color of Booker Washington's skin and that of the Marquis de Sade. Will the southern brethren please notice more!—Boston Herald.

Washington Matters.

New Hay-Pauncefote Treaty is Ready—Great Gains in Our Trade with the Philippines—No Lack of Harmony Between Roosevelt and Hanna—Notes.

(From our Regular Correspondent.)

WASHINGTON, Oct. 21, 1901.

While no definite official statement has been made, President Roosevelt has permitted it to be made known that a draft for a new Hay-Pauncefote treaty is completed and will be handed to the Senate as soon as Congress convenes.

The prominent features of the new treaty are the supercession of the Clayton-Bulwer treaty by the new convention, the guarantee of the United States that the canal shall be neutral and the exclusive right of the United States to fortify it. These are practically the only points that excited opposition when the former treaty was before the Senate, and now that they conform to the Senate's recommendations, there is every reason to believe that the treaty will be promptly ratified. The ratification of this treaty will remove the chief obstacle to canal legislation, and it is confidently predicted that definite action leading to the construction of an Isthmian Canal, will be taken by the Fifty-Seventh Congress.

The next question to be settled is that of a route. The choice lies between the Panama, the Nicaragua and the Tehuantepec routes. The merits and demerits of the first two are well known, while of the last but little is known. It is not thought likely that the Walker Isthmian Canal Commission will recommend any specific route, but that it will content itself with a comprehensive discussion of the advantages and disadvantages of all three. The Panama route would avoid the dangerous shoals and the high winds of Lake Nicaragua and might prove the best from a purely commercial standpoint, but it is understood that the Nicaragua route is regarded as the best from a military standpoint and that is the consideration most likely to weigh with Congress. Senator Morgan believes the Nicaragua route will be adopted. The only source of anxiety that remains to worry the friends of the Canal is the French Panama Canal Company, whose President, M. Maurice Hulett, is now in Washington and in daily conference with Admiral Walker. While acceptance of the Panama Company's proposition is not regarded as a matter requiring serious consideration, it is feared that the enemies of any canal may use it as a subterfuge and eventually block all canal legislation.

The great gains in our trade with the Philippines are a source of much gratification. The returns show that for the nine months ending with March, 1901, our exports to the Philippines have increased fifty per cent. over the same period ending with March 1900. During the same period, American enterprise was making itself felt in the islands to an extent that increased the total exports by thirty-four per cent. The value of goods sold to the islands by this country for the nine months above stated was \$2,000,000, while for the entire year of 1900, our total trade amounted to only \$125,000. Moreover, the figures show that as the trade has increased, showing that the relations are being built on a solid and commercial basis. All this is very gratifying in view of some of the predictions that were made when we first acquired possession of the Philippine Islands.

Mr. Roosevelt is giving the Ship Enslavement bill the most careful consideration. Representative Minor, of Wisconsin, has been in Washington and has discussed the details of the bill with the President. While in favor of the bill, Mr. Minor desires to see such changes made in its provisions as will result in a wider distribution of the subsidies and smaller premiums for speed.

There are still some rumors of Cabinet changes and it is alleged that Secretaries Hay and Gage will soon resign, and that Senator Lodge is a certain successor to Mr. Hay. Mr. Frank W. Hackett, Assistant Secretary of the Navy, will hand in his resignation in a few days and will be succeeded by Judge Charles H. Darling of Bennington, Vt.

The President recently invited Booker T. Washington to dine with him at the White House and the occurrence has been made the occasion of a good deal of criticism in the South. Some of his political friends regret that he should have followed up the exceptionally favorable impression he had made in the South by an act likely to offend the superstitious Southern voter. Others approve his independence and hold that he is large enough to defy criticism.

There is no ground for the continually repeated reports that there is a lack of harmony between the President and Senator Hanna. Both men are built on altogether too large a scale to indulge in petty bickerings and jealousies and, as a matter of fact, Mr. Roosevelt has invited Senator Hanna's advice on several of the more important questions that have come up and has informed the Senator that he will always be grateful to him for any advice he may choose to offer. Mr. Roosevelt and Mr. Hanna may differ upon many minor details but in all matters of importance they will be found acting in unity for the good of the country.

The coming session will witness a serious campaign for frugation in the Western states. There is said to be an understanding between the representatives from Montana, Nevada, Idaho, Colorado, Nebraska and some of the territories and that important legislation will be pressed. The fact that the President has had Western experience and thoroughly understands the situation leads the friends of frugation to believe that the present is an exceptionally favorable time to press their views and they are confident that definite and progressive legislation will result.

The President has given a careful hearing to General Torrance, the new Commander of the Grand Army of the Republic, who called at the White House to prefer charges against Pension Commissioner Evans. Being but recently elected General Torrance did not have all the evidence at his fingers ends and the result of the conference was that both gentlemen agreed to postpone any action in the matter until such time as both could familiarize themselves with the details of the situation. In the meantime, Mr. Cortelyou will make a careful investigation for the President of the methods pursued in the Commissioner's office.

There is more Catarrh in this section of the country than in any other. It is a disease that is incurable. For a great many years doctors pronounced it a local disease, and prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Science has proved, however, that Catarrh is not a local disease, and that it requires constitutional treatment. Banta's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is the only constitutional cure on the market. It is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. They offer one hundred dollars for any case it fails to cure. Send for circular and testimonials. Address: F. J. CHENEY & CO., 1111 E. O. Road, Druggists, Toledo, Ohio.

WANTED—SEVERAL PERSONS OF character and good reputation in each state (one in this country) required to represent and sell the old established, wealthy business house of solid financial standing. Salary \$100 weekly with expenses additional. All payments in cash, such as Western Union, Express, etc. Home and carriage furnished, when necessary. References. Enclosed self-addressed stamped envelope. Manager, 318 Custom Building, Chicago.—9-15-01.

Reduced Rate to the Pan-American Exposition.

A special low rate of \$8.00 for the round trip has been made from Fall River and Newport to the Pan-American Exposition via New York going October 24th and 29th only, limited to five days.

The opportunity now offered for visiting the Exposition and for seeing the wonderful electrical display as well as to visit the world-famous Falls of Niagara should be taken advantage of by those who have not yet had an opportunity to make the trip. Tickets and full information may be obtained on application at office of Ticket Agent of the Fall River Line.—10-10-26.

Winter Tourist Rates.—Season 1901-1902.

The Southern Railway, the direct route to the winter resorts of Florida, Georgia, the Carolinas and the South and Southwest, announces excursion tickets will be placed on sale October 15th to April 30th, with final date May 31, 1902. Perfect Dining and Pullman Service on all through trains. For full particulars regarding rate, descriptive matter, call on or address New York Office, 271 and 1185 Broadway, or Alex. S. Thwait, Eastern Passenger Agent, 1185 Broadway.

WEEKLY ALMANAC.

OCTOBER 1901.		STANDARD TIME.	
Rises.	Sets.	Rises.	Sets.
1st Sun.	21 10	1st Mon.	21 10
2nd Sun.	21 10	2nd Mon.	21 10
3rd Sun.	21 10	3rd Mon.	21 10
4th Sun.	21 10	4th Mon.	21 10
5th Sun.	21 10	5th Mon.	21 10
6th Sun.	21 10	6th Mon.	21 10
7th Sun.	21 10	7th Mon.	21 10
8th Sun.	21 10	8th Mon.	21 10
9th Sun.	21 10	9th Mon.	21 10
10th Sun.	21 10	10th Mon.	21 10
11th Sun.	21 10	11th Mon.	21 10
12th Sun.	21 10	12th Mon.	21 10
13th Sun.	21 10	13th Mon.	21 10
14th Sun.	21 10	14th Mon.	21 10
15th Sun.	21 10	15th Mon.	21 10
16th Sun.	21 10	16th Mon.	21 10
17th Sun.	21 10	17th Mon.	21 10
18th Sun.	21 10	18th Mon.	21 10
19th Sun.	21 10	19th Mon.	21 10
20th Sun.	21 10	20th Mon.	21 10
21st Sun.	21 10	21st Mon.	21 10
22nd Sun.	21 10	22nd Mon.	21 10
23rd Sun.	21 10	23rd Mon.	21 10
24th Sun.	21 10	24th Mon.	21 10
25th Sun.	21 10	25th Mon.	21 10
26th Sun.	21 10	26th Mon.	21 10
27th Sun.	21 10	27th Mon.	21 10
28th Sun.	21 10	28th Mon.	21 10
29th Sun.	21 10	29th Mon.	21 10
30th Sun.	21 10	30th Mon.	21 10
31st Sun.	21 10	31st Mon.	21 10

First Class Farm for Sale.

A. O'D. TAYLOR, Real Estate Agent, Newport, R. I. Offers for sale a farm of 32 acres in Middleboro, Mass., containing a large farm building, in good order. Excellent land for raising vegetables and poultry. Price \$15,000, with \$5,000 cash. About 12 miles from Fall River, N. Y. This is a cheap, good farm. Telephone No. 324. Mr. Taylor's office, 124 Bellevue avenue.

Marriages.

In this city, 22d inst., by Rev. Richard A. Croswell, Martin Wallace King to Miss Jessie Bell Styles, both of this city. In Providence, 18th inst., Walter O. Brown of Little Compton to Katie Joyce of Providence.

Deaths.

In this city, Oct. 21, William P. Clarke, in his 54th year. In this city, 24th inst., John Egan, aged 48 years. In this city, 24th inst., at the residence of her sister, Mrs. Thomas Kitchen, Friendship street, Mary McKiernan, aged 48 years. In this city, 21st inst., Charles B. Marsh, aged 36 years. In this city, 21st inst., Fannie Weeden, daughter of Thomas and Anna M. Blacklock, in the 24th year of her age. In this city, 24th inst., Richard Taylor, son of James and Mary A. Connell, aged 18 years. In this city, 24th inst., Samuel Peck, in the 6th year of his age. In this city, Sunday, Oct. 21, Edmund Tweedy, in the 10th year of his age. In this city, 18th inst., George Augustus Hazard, in the 34th year of his age. In this city, 18th inst., Mary, widow of Philip Davison, aged 87 years. In Leesburg, Va., Oct. 21, 1901, John Whipple, Jr., in his 37th year. In Toledo, Ind., 18th inst., Edward C. Babin, formerly of Little Compton, R. I., in his 61st year. In Triverton, 18th inst., Christina D. Wilcox of Stephen Smith, in her 85th year. In Providence, 24th inst., Nicholas N. Tanner, 26th, Ann, widow of Francis Worth, 26th, Esther N., widow of Benjamin F. Reynolds, 26th, Sarah Butler, widow of Henry Parker, 26th, Jonathan Flint Porter, 78.

Acres Land for Sale Near Indian Avenue.

I have 15 acres of land, commencing at Green End Road and running northerly about a mile. This is an excellent location for an ideal summer home, or could be used very profitably for farm purposes. It is in an elevated position, the view from it is very extended and very fine. I can offer this land for \$15,000, and it is in close proximity to land held from \$200 per acre, and is equally as good. The John R. Bellows Farm, on Gypson Lane, comprising 15 acres of land and 2000 farm buildings, I am also offering for sale. I am sole agent for both of the above places.

SIMEON HAZARD,

94 BROADWAY.

Telephone 529.

ABSOLUTE SECURITY.

Genuine

Carter's

Little Liver Pills.

Must Bear Signature of

See Fac-Simile Wrapper Below.

FOR HEADACHE.

FOR DIZZINESS.

FOR BILIOUSNESS.

FOR TORMID LIVER.

FOR CONSTIPATION.

FOR SALLOW SKIN.

FOR THE COMPLEXION.

CURE SICK HEADACHE.

See Fac-Simile Wrapper Below.

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FOR HEADACHE.

FOR DIZZINESS.

FOR BILIOUSNESS.

FOR TORMID LIVER.

ARE NOT BEGGARS.

Other News of Interest From Various Parts of New England States.

Porto Ricans Declare That Their Market Is Ours.

Boston, Oct. 25.—The Porto Rican delegates now visiting the United States to the interests of trade devoted yesterday to a visit to Lawrence. There they were received by the mayor and a delegation from the board of trade, and made an inspection of the Pacific mills—great plant, employing 6000 hands, with a weekly output of a million yards of cotton prints. Their delight and wonder at this great manufactory are best expressed by the words of Senator Wolff, who, after passing between measureless lines of noisy looms, exclaimed: "Why, that is life itself—the impulse of the country—pushing along."

Among the visitors was one who represented especially the drygoods trade on the island—a trade hitherto supplied almost entirely from the European markets. This was Senator Rafael Padua, of Pagan & Co., San Juan. To him the great mills were of marked interest, for from such as they he and others of his trade will now procure their goods.

But he begged—and the other delegates joined with him—for co-operation from the manufacturers of the United States. "You do not realize," said they, "what Porto Rican means to you. We do not come to you as beggars. You know that our market is yours, but you must not disrespect the peculiar fashions and tastes of the people. They will not take anything that is sent. If only you, with the merchants of Porto Rico, make a study of the market, you have it secure."

To Have \$25,000,000 Capital.

Springfield, Mass., Oct. 23.—The White Mountain Paper

WORK FOR TROOP

Disturbances in Philippines
Appear to Be Spreading

Hunt for the Insurgents Will Be
Prosecuted by Reinforcements

Manila, Oct. 23.—General Chaffee does not expect to hear of any extensive engagements in the island of Samar. He believes the operations there will not result in an open fight. It is hard to find armed Filipinos, but every man without occupation will be compelled to go into town.

It is reported that all the rifles captured by the Filipinos at Balangiga are now on the island of Leyte, where many bolomen are known to have gone from the island of Samar. In fact, Leyte is as disturbed as Samar.

The object of the reinforcements of American troops now being pushed forward is to increase all the garrisons to 35 men. Some of them have until recently numbered only eight men. The reinforcements will also allow the detaching of a working force to operate in the field, hunting for insurgents.

General Wheaton reports that a band of bolomen has entered Tarlac province, island of Luzon, through Balangiga province, and that the men composing it are distributing inflammatory bulletins, which are also posted on the church doors, warning the people to prepare to take the field in January. Some of the friendly natives were informed by many of the bolomen that various bands of armed natives would shortly concentrate in the vicinity of Rosales.

Would Brush Aside Formality

Boston, Oct. 21.—President Ditchett of the Institute of Technology gave 150 schoolmasters of Massachusetts a lesson in good fellowship when he told them of the delicate touch of that democracy of sociability which the German professor would impart to the pupil over a mug of excellent beer. In a dining room crowded with students and clouded with tobacco smoke, President Ditchett said he tried to inaugurate this system in Boston and will try again with the Harvard and Tech boys this winter.

Shamrock on the Market

New York, Oct. 21.—Sir Thomas Lipton has determined to sell Shamrock II and she is now on the American market. Before Sir Thomas left New York for Chicago the defeated challenger was placed in the hands of Messrs. Tamm, Lemoine & Crane of this city, with orders to sell her. What Sir Thomas asks for the yacht is, of course, not known outside of those interested, but the price, it is said, is not of a prohibitory character. If some wealthy American yachtsman should want such a racing craft.

The Retzky's Performance

Boston, Oct. 22.—Russia's latest American built battleship, Retzkyan, was put through her paces yesterday over a course off the Isles of Shoales and under natural draught attained a speed of 18.01 knots per hour, 31 knot over her contract speed. The usual tidal correction probably will slightly increase this, but without it the Russian officers who were on board expressed themselves as entirely satisfied with this new acquisition to their navy.

Double Accident on Stage

Haverhill, Mass., Oct. 22.—During a performance at the Academy of Music last night, John Silk was at work in the flies fixing a drop when he lost his balance and fell to the stage, a distance of about 40 feet. Joseph Wood was standing directly beneath him and Silk fell upon Wood with terrific force. Both have bones either broken or dislocated and fatal results are feared.

Buller Was Indiscreet

London, Oct. 23.—Sir Redvers Buller has been relieved of the command of the First Army Corps in consequence of the speech he made after a luncheon given in his honor by the King's Royal Rifles dealing with his famous dispatch to General White at Ladysmith. He has been placed on half pay and General French has been appointed to succeed him.

Executions by Strangulation

Havana, Oct. 23.—Andres Rodriguez and Antonio O'Farrell, negro murderers, were executed yesterday by the garrote. A fellow prisoner acted as executioner, receiving an ounce of gold for each execution, together with a reduction of six years in the term for which he was imprisoned. Death was apparently instantaneous.

New England Building Burned

Buffalo, Oct. 21.—New England's building at the Pan-American exposition was destroyed by fire Saturday night. The valuable contents of the building, consisting of rich furnishings of historic value, costly oil paintings and other articles of great value, were also entirely destroyed.

China Dickerling With Russia

Shanghai, Oct. 23.—It is reported here that the empress dowager is anxious to enter into friendly relations with Russia, which power has promised to protect all foreign aggression and to protect the empress dowager at Peking.

No Evidence of Insanity

Boston, Oct. 23.—Dr. Jolly, the insanity expert, who recently made an examination of Benjamin Brown, the colored waiter who is charged with having murdered Mrs. Alice Crowell in July, reports the prisoner to be sane.

Misses Brought Death

Concord, N. H., Oct. 22.—Mrs. Lucy J. Elliott, aged 55, who lived in the Slickway block, missed a step on the staircase yesterday and fell the entire flight. Her neck was broken, instantly killing her.

Hungary Mystery Solved

Boston, Oct. 21.—The mystery surrounding the robbery of Bradford E. Gilman's house in Charlestown was solved when James H. Bryan, 23, and Herbert Pike, 23, were arrested for the burglary. Silverware, a gold watch and jewelry valued at nearly \$1000, were stolen and a portion of the property has been recovered.

RETURN OF \$800,000

Gladdens Directors of Merchants' National Bank

A Balance of \$115,000 Still in the Hands of Absconders

Lowell, Mass., Oct. 22.—Through John C. Burke, counsel for Louis H. Swift, the absconding bookkeeper, the Merchants' National bank has had returned to it securities and money believed to have a total value of \$800,000, the lost of Swift and the absconding teller, Smith.

The money and papers were returned early yesterday morning. Mr. Burke arrived on a late train from Boston carrying two grips containing the securities. The bank is the loser by \$115,000, but this is considered a mere bagatelle compared with the original loss. Smith and Swift are said to have got away with over \$900,000, and the negotiations which brought back the greater part of the sum may have saved the Merchants' National bank from a possible financial crisis, the extent of which it is hard to predict.

Swift is believed to have been in the office of Charles W. Bartlett in Boston, on Sunday forenoon, and for two hours had a conference with Burke and Bartlett. It was at this office that Swift delivered to Burke the securities that purchased his liberty and the liberty of his brother in crime.

Swift, at first, was not disposed to turn over the securities unless a written statement guaranteeing non-prosecution and signed by the bank officers was presented, but that was refused.

Mr. Bartlett reached Lowell with Mr. Burke and at the St. Charles hotel the bank directors were met. The securities were then transferred, and an hour later they were locked up in the bank, and the directors were in an easier frame of mind than for three days.

They Took a Million

Lowell, Mass., Oct. 23.—The money and securities returned to the Merchants' bank by Albert G. Smith and Lewis H. Swift, through the latter's counsel, touched the million mark.

No cleaner sweep was ever made by defaulters. Stories about how the shortage was discovered are mere figment of overworked imagination. The culpability of an unlocked vault was a sad tale without words to the board of directors and to Cassius Johnson on Friday morning.

It is now supposed that the men have left the state. Negotiation or no negotiation, compromise or no compromise, if the men are found they will be put behind the bars and prosecuted.

The case is in the hands of the United States authorities and a private detective agency has men in the city acting for the surety company. They will arrest Smith on sight.

Indictment Warrants Asked For

Boston, Oct. 24.—At an adjourned session of the United States grand jury, held in the Federal building, this morning, District Attorney Moulton and his first assistant, Mr. Cisey, submitted evidence in the cases of the defaulting bookkeeper and teller of the Merchants' National bank of Lowell and indictment warrants were asked for against Lewis H. Swift and Albert G. Smith, the defaulters.

Bank Examiner's Report

Washington, Oct. 23.—The comptroller of the currency has received from Examiner Ewer a full report of the recent robbery of the Merchants' National bank of Lowell, Mass., by the late teller Smith and bookkeeper Swift, but declines to make the report public on the ground that reports of national bank examiners are confidential communications to the comptroller's office. The comptroller says, however, that the report shows that the teller and bookkeeper entered the bank during the night and abstracted \$75,810 in cash, \$808,230 of securities and \$400,000 of collaterals. All of these securities and \$92,000 of the cash were recovered through the counsel for Smith and Swift, and the only loss the bank appears to have sustained was about \$115,000, which has been made good out of its surplus and undivided profits.

The examiner stated that no promise of immunity from punishment as a condition to the return of the cash and securities were made by the directors, and the facts have all been placed before the United States district attorney.

Frightfully Lacerated

Fall River, Mass., Oct. 22.—While Joseph Veroná was at work in the Troy Cotton and Wollen mill yesterday he fell against a card-stripper and his hair caught in the machinery, tearing off part of his scalp, one ear, and part of an eye. He also had an arm and shoulder blade broken and will probably die.

Family of Remarkable Physique

Bath, Pa., Oct. 22.—J. D. Reinhard died suddenly of heart disease yesterday at his home here, aged 70 years. Reinhard weighed 493 pounds. He was a stone cutter. He was the father of 17 children, 11 of whom are living. Eight of his sons are marble cutters, none weighing less than 300 pounds.

Victims of Freight Trains

Fitchburg, Mass., Oct. 22.—Patrick Marshall, a section hand, was run over by a freight train here yesterday and died at the hospital. Abraham Housher, a mule, lost his life yesterday while trying to board a moving freight train. He was 21 years old.

Successful Break for Freedom

Manchester, N. H., Oct. 21.—Five men escaped from the industrial school last night by squeezing through a fence under cover of darkness. They were all thieves and were considered among the most vicious lot in the institution.

Swallow Not a Candidate

Boston, Oct. 22.—George N. Swallow, who has been mentioned in connection with the Republican mayoralty nomination against Mayor Hart, definitely states that he will not be a candidate for mayor. His withdrawal means that Mayor Hart will be re-nominated by acclamation.

FIVE PERCENT MORE

To Be Added to Wages of Operatives in Iron Works Mills

Fall River, Mass., Oct. 23.—M. C. D. Borden posted a notice in the iron works mills at 11 o'clock yesterday of a further advance of 5 percent in the wages of his operatives, to go into effect Nov. 1.

Manufacturers have been fearing some such action on the part of Mr. Borden since a peaceful settlement of the wage question became apparent. He has plugging on until he has struck enough in sight to keep his works in full operation until August of next year. He has everything to gain in the money way, by his advance. If the help strike his contracts will be of no value as the mills cannot deliver them. The printed goods will be advanced in value because of the scarcity of gray goods. If the manufacturers grant an advance they will be compelled to keep the price where it now is, or shut down the mills. They cannot manufacture below 2 cents at present wages and cotton prices, and they say there is but little profit at that figure.

When they were told of the second advance ordered yesterday most of them expressed anger. Others of them were philosophic and hopeful that the operatives would appreciate the situation as it offers a great majority of the mills rather than the iron works mills. None of them would venture to say what the future course would be, but several of them were immediately convinced that a stand-up fight was what Mr. Borden was seeking, and they were disposed to give it to him as far as they were able. But in this conclusion they recognized the fact that they had sold their production to the man who was endeavoring indirectly to take their profit from them, and they said they could not really tell what course to pursue until the operatives have been heard from.

Death of Rear Admiral Bunce

Hartford, Oct. 21.—Rear Admiral Francis M. Bunce, U. S. N., (retired), died here Saturday. He was a native of Connecticut, and entered the naval academy May 28, 1832, graduating in



1857. In February, 1898, he was made rear admiral and in December of the same year was placed on the retired list. The late admiral suffered for many years with cancer. In September the disease attacked the throat, and the patient grew weaker from that time, fighting a hopeless battle with the courage that had always characterized the man.

Misses' Death Brings

Constantinople, Oct. 23.—The missionaries who were operating from Smyrna, Bulgaria, are at last in touch with the brigands who abducted Miss Stone and Miss Telkin, according to dispatches received here, though whether negotiations for the ransom have actually been opened is not disclosed. The missionaries on the spot are expected to conclude the business with the utmost dispatch.

Athlete Convicted of Murder

Springfield, Mass., Oct. 23.—The jury in the case of Charles Alberto, charged with the murder of his wife in Holyoke, Mass., Sept. 1, 1900, returned a verdict of guilty in the second degree last evening. The killing of Mrs. Alberto by her husband was admitted by the defense, but its contention had been that the act was unpremeditated.

Old and Despondent

Lynn, Mass., Oct. 23.—John A. McGloin, aged 91, a laborer, who has been out of work for some time, died last night following the excitement of an attempt to commit suicide. McGloin had become despondent because he was unable to receive employment, and within a few days had been ejected from his tenement.

Royalty's Visit Ended

St. Johns, Oct. 23.—At 11 o'clock last night the Duke and Duchess of Cornwall returned to the Ophir, where they expressed their extreme pleasure at the spontaneity and thoroughness of the reception given them here. The Ophir sailed for England at daylight today.

Given a Chance to Do Better

Boston, Oct. 23.—James J. Callanan, the Springfield postoffice clerk charged with stealing letters, was probated yesterday in the United States court, the indictment being placed on file. The indictment was filed on suggestion of Assistant District Attorney Esey.

Drowned in a Well

Haverhill, Mass., Oct. 21.—William E. Jones, aged 70, fell into a well 40 feet deep on the farm of Isaac Parker, last evening. The medical examiner gave his opinion that Mr. Jones, in attempting to draw water, lost his balance and fell in and was drowned.

Crazy Over Christian Science

Leominster, Mass., Oct. 21.—Waldo Lyon of this city, a trick bicycle rider, has been committed to the State insane asylum, raving wildly over the doctrine of Christian science. He is 23 years old and unmarried.

Charles Rowell, for many years identified with the carriage business, and founder of the firm of Charles Rowell & Son, Amesbury, Mass., died in that city in his 83d year.

George Godfrey, once a pugilist of note in New England, died at his home in Revere, Mass. Dropsy was the cause of death. He was 53 years old and leaves a widow and six children.

The Horse-Shoe Copper Mining Company

INCORPORATED IN THE STATE OF NEW JERSEY.

Capital Stock, \$1,000,000. 100,000 Shares, par value \$10 each.

Full paid and non-assessable.

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FRANK S. WELLER, Treasurer, 21 Park Row, N. Y.

(Formerly of Tefft, Weller & Co., Inc., New York.)

HENRY E. HUTCHINSON, Fulton and Clinton Sts.

(President Brooklyn Bank).

J. N. PORTER, Safford, Arizona.

(President Bank of Safford).

GEO. V. SHEFFIELD, Pompton, N. J.

(Manager Hink & Co., Dye Wood Imprints, 3 Cedar St., New York.)

HON. FRANCIS H. WILSON, Brooklyn, N. Y.

(Postmaster of Brooklyn).

LOUIS GRANER, 584 Broadway, N. Y.

(Capitalist and Retired Importer).

J. H. DOHERTY, 286 Flatbush Ave., Brooklyn.

(Capitalist and Contractor).

The Horse-Shoe Copper Mining Company was organized to acquire and operate profitable copper mines, or those that were in such a state of development that, with additional capital for machinery and equipment of the property with new and improved machinery, could be quickly placed upon a paying basis for the shareholders.

After many tests and exhaustive examinations upon the part of competent mining men, which extended over a period of several months, the Great Eastern Group of Copper Mines was acquired by this company on August 8, 1901, and is now owned by this company free and clear of all debt. This property lies in the (Blue Range) Mountains, in Graham County, Arizona, and is within nine miles of the town of Safford, on the G. V. & N. R. In an area over the mountains it is within twenty-two miles of the famous copper producing mines of Phelps, Dodge & Co., at Morenci, Arizona, the surface formation and the nature of the ores on these mines being identical with the same as the Great Eastern.

The Incline Shaft, exposing large bodies of rich ore on the Great Eastern, cannot be used in mining the ore in appreciable quantities, and in order to carry on extensive operations cheaply and expeditiously, a Double Compartment vertical working shaft is required. This contract for sinking this shaft 399 ft. deep, and equipping it with ample hoisting machinery, has been let, and this work is now being vigorously prosecuted. The completion of this shaft will give two levels 100 ft. deep by 50 ft. wide by 2,000 ft. long, containing one of an average value, without assessment of \$12 per ton, the average of ores giving returns of from \$60 to \$275 per ton. Being within nine miles of the railroad, the ore produced by these mines can be sold to the Custom Smelter at El Paso at a net profit, when shipments of 60 tons of ore daily in start with will begin. This shaft will be completed by February 1st, when shipments of 60 tons of ore daily in start with will begin. This will give a net profit of \$1,100 daily, or over 30 per cent on the capital stock. This will be steadily increased as the work progresses, and more room is afforded for employing additional miners.

The ores from which these returns are gotten lie in the water level of the property, which is found at a depth of 200 feet, and in addition to these rich ores, there is already upon the surface of the property, ready to be blasted out, many thousands of tons of low grade ore, averaging 4 per cent copper, which, with a Concentrating Plant, can be worked up at a profit of \$8 per ton.

Reports received at the New York office Oct. 21st from the President who is in charge at the Mine state that he has a full force of miners driving the straight shaft night and day, working three shifts of men eight hours each, and making rapid progress.

In order to purchase and install a 100-ton concentrating plant which will secure an additional income of \$500 a day, it has been decided to offer the entire remaining capital stock, amounting to 2,000 shares at \$10 per share until sold. The orders are coming in daily, so this amount will soon be snapped up.

We challenge comparison of our proposition and the high standing and character of our Directory with any Mining Company in this country now offering shares in the East.

Make checks, drafts or money orders payable to the Horse-Shoe Copper Mining Company.

For any further details, address FRANK S. WELLER, Treasurer, Park Row Building, New York City.

NEW ENGLAND BRIEFS

The census bureau has issued a bulletin on the persons of school age, males of militia and voting age and foreign-born males 21 years of age and over in Vermont. School age, 5 to 20 years inclusive, 38,614; militia age, 18,863; voting age, 108,354; foreign-born males, 21 years old and over, 20,561.

Edward G. Lewis, aged 75, prominently interested in 27 manufacturing concerns in Waterbury and Hartford, died at Waterbury, Conn. Mr. Lewis was the Republican nominee for congress from the second district in 1888.

Under a petition signed by a majority of its stockholders the Boston Horse show has been dissolved by Judge Loring of the Massachusetts supreme court.

Almiretha Eaton, aged 58, wife of Everett B. Eaton, a shoe manufacturer, killed herself at Danvers, Mass., by shooting. She had been despondent from ill health.

Among interesting incidents of the Yale bi-centennial celebration was the action of the class of 1877. Sheffield scientific school, at their reunion and banquet, in raising a fund of \$6000 to found a scholarship in the scientific department.

The New Bedford Textile school will have the first textile scholarship established in America. William Firth of Boston has given \$3000 for the purpose of founding a free scholarship at the school.

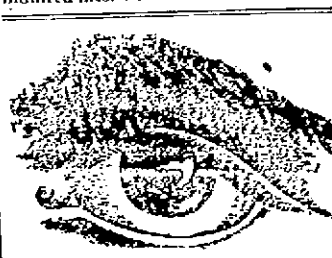
The trustees of Thornton academy, Saco, Me., voted to accept the gift of a \$12,000 memorial library building from Mrs. Charles C. G. Thornton and her daughter, Mary C. Thornton, of Magnolia, Mass. The building is given in memory of Mrs. Thornton's husband.

The fall run of cod and haddock have set in on the shoals and half the population of Nantucket, Mass., is laying in a winter supply of cod.

James Gannon, aged 35, was killed by a cave-in at a sewer trench in which he was at work at Lowell, Mass. Another man was buried to his neck, but got out alive.

Henry O. Bradley, the last surviving member of the firm of Osgeod Bradley & Sons, car builders, in Worcester, Mass., died of pneumonia after a short sickness.

Rudolph Leibich, arrested on the allegation of bigamy, was called into court at Burlington, Vt., for a hearing, but this incident was delayed until Nov. 1, in order that the claim that he was first married in England might be inquired into.



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Do your eyes blur at times? Do they hurt after reading? Are there frequent headaches? Are the muscles around the eyes drawing wrinkles and crow's feet?

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Capital,	\$1,500,000.00
Surplus,	1,000,000.00
Deposits (August 1, 1901),	18,628,056.27
Resources,	21,175,798.81

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